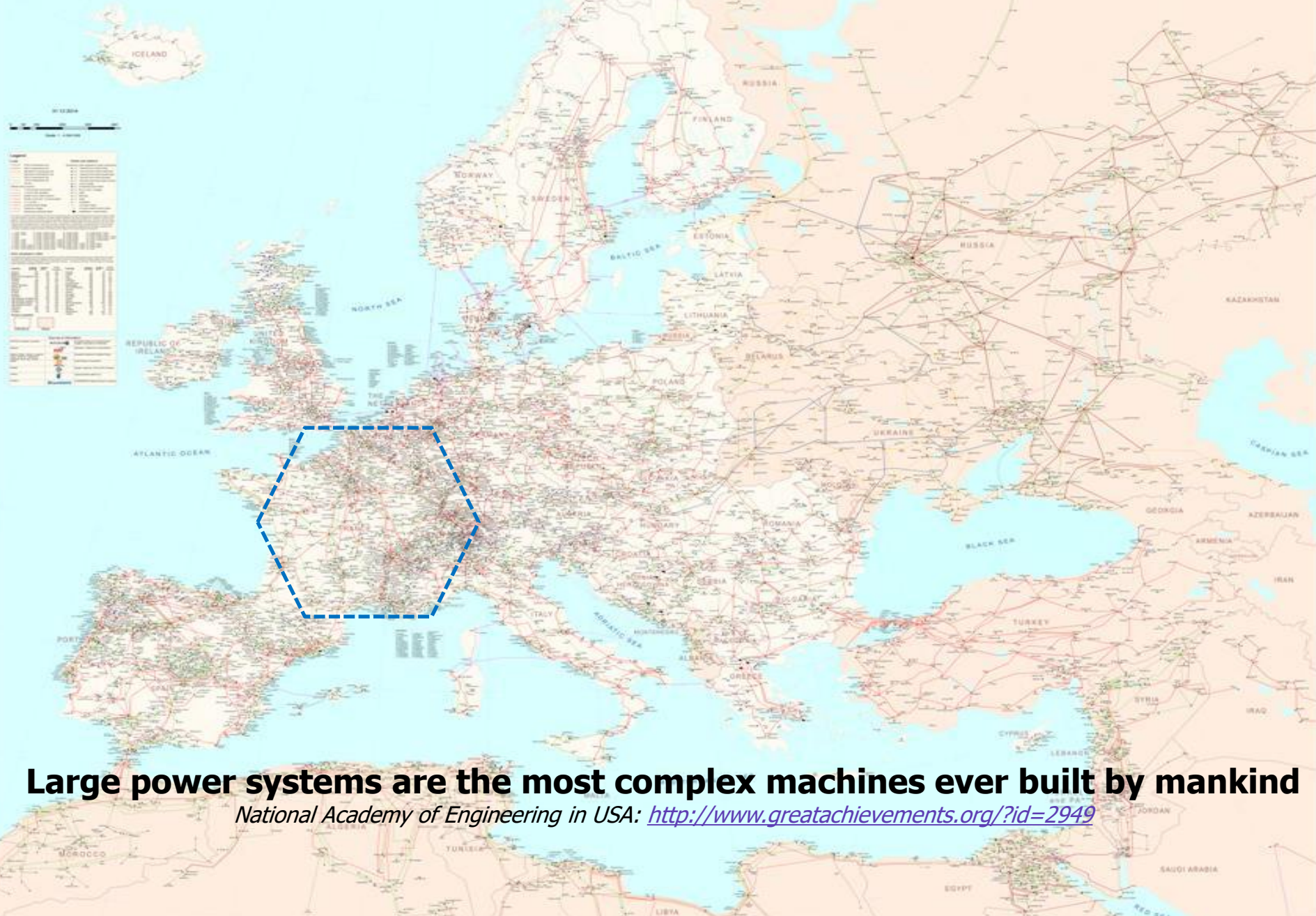


Energy transition: *coordinating a large population of partially autonomous agents*

October 24th 2023

Special Session POSYTYF project : ISGT Europe 2023

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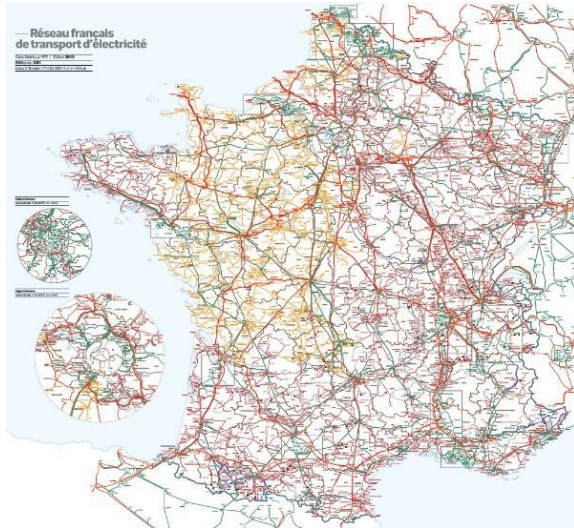


Large power systems are the most complex machines ever built by mankind

National Academy of Engineering in USA: <http://www.greatachievements.org/?id=2949>

RTE Overview

RTE: French Transmission System Operator **SO & TO: system operation, grid maintenance, grid access, grid development**



1

RTE operates and maintains the power transmission system, which is constantly being upgraded

- 105 000 km transmission line (63 kV to 400 kV)
- 2800 Substations
- 22000 km optical fibers
- 48 interconnectors

2

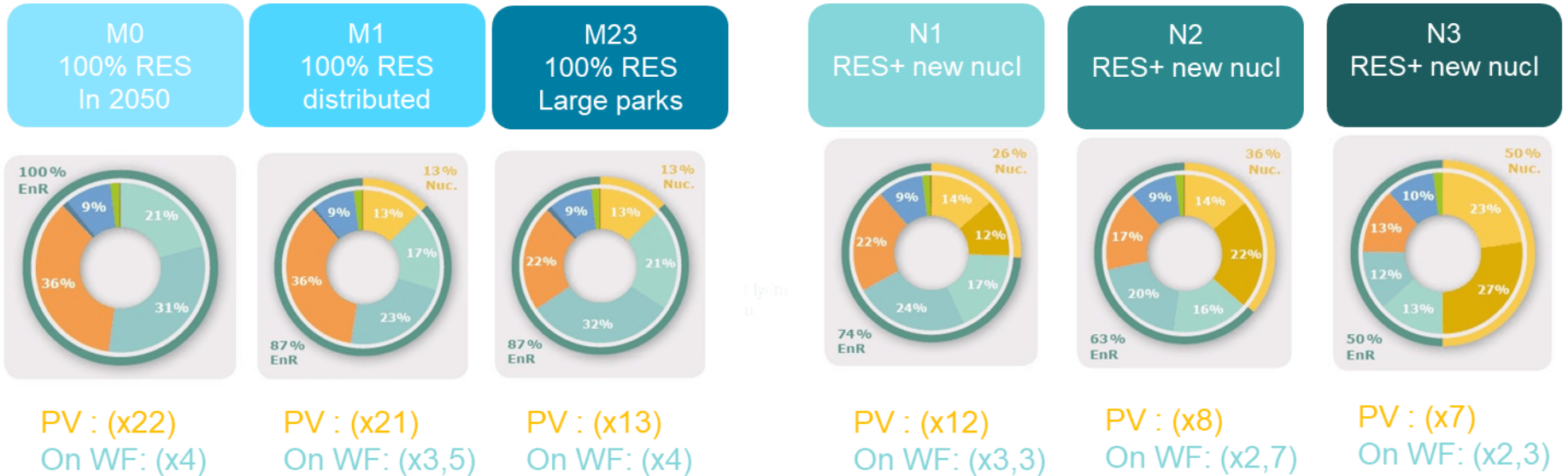
RTE maintains a constant balance between power supply and demand in real time, maintains security of supply and upholds electrical solidarity across the regions in France and in Europe.

3

RTE helps to design and implements market mechanisms in order to obtain power from the most financially competitive sources across the whole of Europe.



France - Potential new mixes 2050



- ***In all scenario more dispersed generation (PV x7)***
- ***Main option for 2035 : too late to build new big power plants***

Coordination of large populations of agents /devices

- ✓ 1 Nuclear Generating unit : 1 GW → Largest French wind park (around 200 MW * 30%) = 60 MW

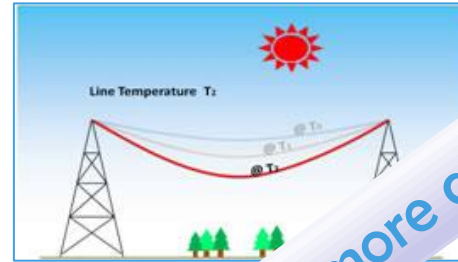
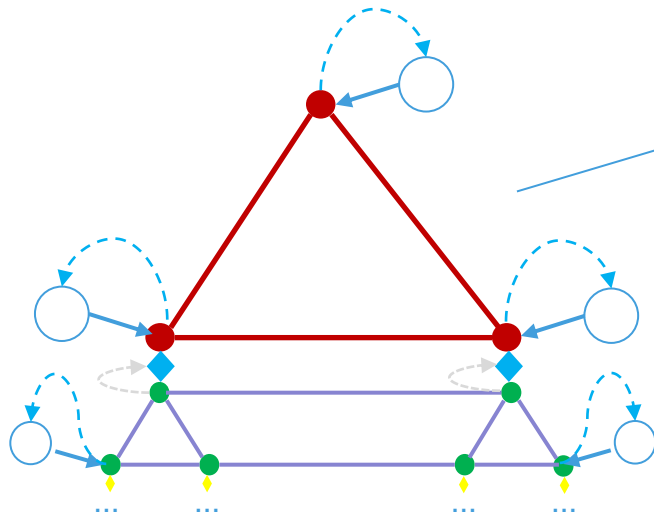
Yesterday: 1 control signal → Tomorrow : ~ 20 control signals

- PV generation : 2020 = 10.5 GW, only 650 MW connected to the transmission grid.

Target +4 GW/year → > 10^6 installations of rooftop PV panels!

- More dispersed generations and more active consumptions can create local congestion in the electrical grid but also offer new possible controls.
More local controls seem mandatory.
- Grid expansion planning is based on 70% of the maximum RES capacity. During the few hours of the year when power exceeds this limit,
automatic controllers are required for curtailing the power of many small renewable generation units.

New needs for the energy transition : a better management of grid congestions



- More closed controls are required to manage the intermittency of wind/solar power creates volatile power flows in the grid
- ▶ Taking advantage of different ratings (DLR) depending on local weather conditions
 - ▶ Using all levers (resources):
 - Reconfiguration of substation, Electrical Batteries, « Smartwires », Phase-Shifting transformer,
 - Control of wind/solar power

A new control Architecture – Cyber Physical System of Systems

Optimize

CENTRALISED CONTROLS – OPTIMIZATION

View : global & anticipative in control center room
 Goals : anticipated set-points = coordination layer + preventive action and human in the loop!



Smart assistant

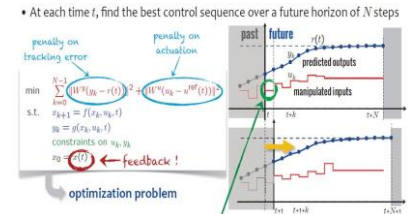
Control

AREA CONTROLS

Autonomous Area : substations (~10)
 Curative actions
 Goals : closed loop control - using Model Predictive Control + applying actions while following set-points received from higher layer

NEW

Cyber Physical System



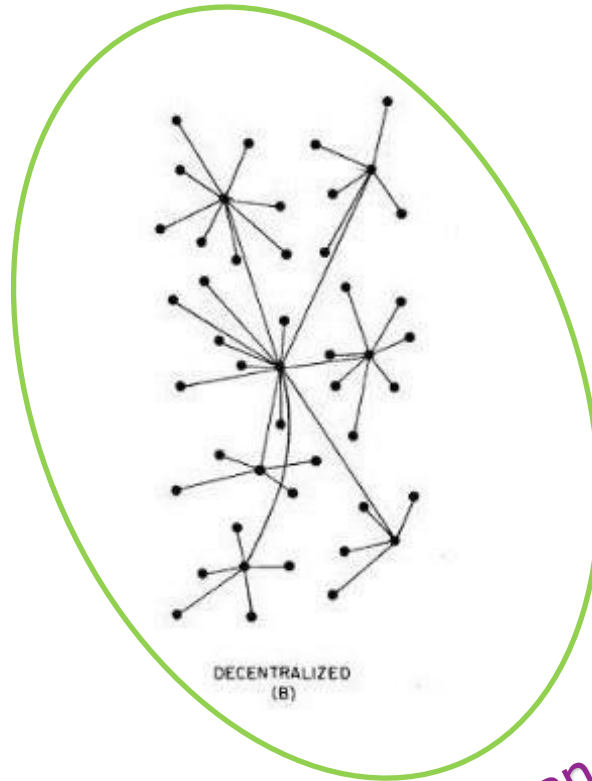
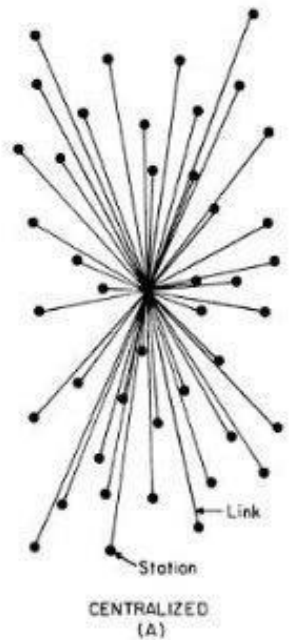
Automatic actions

Protect

SUBSTATION PROTECTIONS

In a substation
 Goals : ensure last resort equipment and person protection
 Simple & Reliable

“Edge computing” to manage complex system



Hierarchical and locally distributed

Challenges

→ Design of new fully automatic control layers

- Model predictive control seems a good framework, but with delays, uncertainties, non linear system, discrete decisions, partial observability..
- This is a critical system: validation and certification mandatory: formal verification including the ITC implementation
- Industrial generic solutions: several hundred instances in France in 2035, simple tuning methodology
- Coordination via the upper layer “optimal trajectory and setting”, setpoints (trajectory), subset of “secure” actions based on safety requirements and abstractions of the local controllers are needed!



Conclusions

- Advanced distributed controls and edge computing are vital in managing the interactions and dynamics of the evolving power system.
- The automatic control community should play an important role in helping us find solutions.

Some of our related works:

Online Feedback Optimization for Subtransmission Grid Control, L.Ortmann, J. Maeght, P. Panciatici, F. Dörfler, S. Bolognani <https://arxiv.org/abs/2212.07795>

Power grid segmentation for local topological controllers, N. Henka, Q. Francois, S. Tazi, M. Ruiz, P. Panciatici, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.epr.2022.108302>

Predictive control based on stochastic disturbance trajectories for congestion management in sub-transmission grids, N. Dkhili, S. Olaru, A. Iovine, M. Ruiz, J. Maeght, P. Panciatici, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ifacol.2022.09.041>.





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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